## CQC's model for assessing quality in health and adult social care services

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#### A bit about CQC



How our regulatory model has changed over time



Our new model and single assessment framework



Use of data and insight in our new model



Questions



### Outline



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### Our role and purpose

The Care Quality Commission is the independent regulator of health and adult social care in England.

We make sure health and social care services provide people with safe, effective, compassionate, high-quality care and we encourage care services to improve.





### What do we do?



- We **register** care providers.
- We monitor, inspect and rate services.
- We take action to protect people who use services.
- We speak with our independent voice, publishing our views on major quality issues in health and social care.



## We ask 5 questions\* of every health and adult social care organisation

Are they Safe?	Safe: you are protected from abuse and avoidable harm.
Are they Effective?	<b>Effective</b> : your care, treatment and support achieves good outcomes, helps you to maintain quality of life and is based on the best available evidence.
Are they Caring?	<b>Caring</b> : staff involve and treat you with compassion, kindness, dignity and respect.
Are they responsive to people's needs?	Responsive: services are organised so that they meet your needs.
Are they well led?	<b>Well-led</b> : the leadership, management and governance of the organisation make sure it's providing high-quality care that's based around your individual needs, that it encourages learning and innovation, and that it promotes an open and fair culture.

\*CQC introduced the five Key Questions from 2013 as its framework for quality



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2009-2013 Compliance monitoring Care Quality Commission Guidance about compliance Essential standards of quality and safety What providers should do to comply with the section 20 regulations of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 March 2010

2013-2016 Comprehensive inspection and ratings





2016-2021
Monitoring, inspection
and rating
CaroQuality
Commission
Shaping the future CQC's strategy for 2016 to 2021
CQC is the independent regulator of health and adult social care in England. We make sure health and social care services provide people with safe, effective, compassionate, high-quality care and we encourage care services to improve.



2009-2013 Compliance monitoring

- Essential Standards met/not met
- Quality risk profiles with a focus on risk scores developed for 16 essential standards for all locations (big or small)
- Introduced mortality and maternity outcome monitoring (outliers)

2013-2016 Comprehensive inspection and ratings



2016-2021 Monitoring, inspection and rating
CareQuality Commission
Shaping the future CQC's strategy for 2016 to 2021



#### 2009-2013 Compliance monitoring



#### Essential standards of quality and safety



What providers should do to comply with the section 20 regulations of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 March 2010 2013-2016 Comprehensive inspection and ratings

- 5 Key Questions and service focused assessment frameworks
- Specialist (service specialist) inspectors introduced
- Risk stratification of providers – using smaller set of indicators. Published.
- Embedded data and analysis in assessments contributed to judgements
- Large data collections
   requested from providers





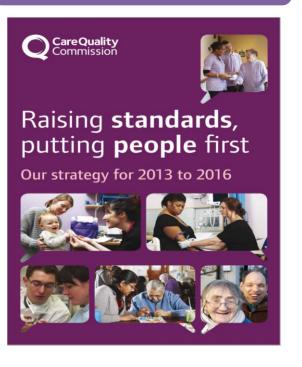
#### 2009-2013 Compliance monitoring



#### Essential standards of quality and safety



What providers should do to comply with the section 20 regulations of the Health and Social Care Act 2008 March 2010 2013-2016 Comprehensive inspection and ratings



2016-2021 Monitoring, inspection and rating

- CQC Insight profile for each provider to support monitoring of quality
- Inspections scheduled based on risk and age of rating
- National Clinical Audits
   outliers introduced
- Closed culture indicators
   developed
- COVID-19 new risk models and focus on monitoring, risk based inspection only



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### **Our strategy from 2021 – new regulatory approach**





### Our new single assessment framework

Our framework will assess providers, local authorities and integrated care systems with a consistent set of key themes, from registration through to ongoing assessment

Remaining at the core of our approach

Expressed as "We" statements; the standards against which we hold providers, Local Authorities and Integrated Care Systems to account

People's experience, feedback from staff and leaders, feedback from partners, observation, processes, outcomes

Data and information specific to the scope of assessment, delivery model or population group





https://www.cqc.org.uk/page/single-assessment-framework



**'I' statement:** When I move between services, settings or areas, there is a plan for what happens next and who will do what, and all the practical arrangements are in place.



'We/quality' statement: We work in partnership with others to establish and maintain safe systems of care in which people's safety is managed, monitored and assured, especially when they move between different services.



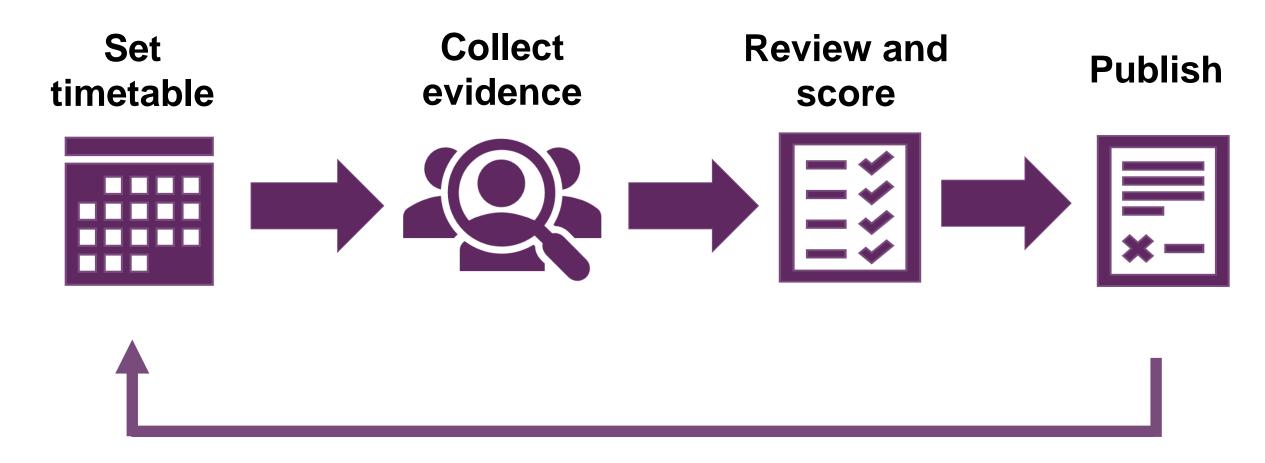
### The 5 key questions and topics



<ul> <li>Safe</li> <li>Learning culture</li> <li>Safe systems, pathways and transitions</li> <li>Safeguarding</li> <li>Involving people to manage risks</li> <li>Safe environments</li> <li>Safe and effective staffing</li> <li>Infection prevention and control</li> <li>Medicines optimisation</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Effective</li> <li>Assessing needs</li> <li>Delivering evidence-based care and treatment</li> <li>How staff, teams and services work together</li> <li>Supporting people to live healthier lives</li> <li>Monitoring and improving outcomes</li> <li>Consent to care and treatment</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Caring</li> <li>Kindness, compassion and dignity</li> <li>Treating people as individuals</li> <li>Independence, choice and control</li> <li>Responding to people's immediate needs</li> <li>Workforce wellbeing and enablement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Responsive</li> <li>Person-centred care</li> <li>Care provision, Integration, and continuity</li> <li>Providing information</li> <li>Listening to and involving people</li> <li>Equity in access</li> <li>Equity in experiences and outcomes</li> <li>Planning for the future</li> </ul>
Well-led			

- Shared direction and culture
- Capable, compassionate and inclusive leaders
- Freedom to speak up
- Governance and assurance
- Partnerships and communities
- Learning, improvement and innovation
- Environmental sustainability
- Workforce equality, diversity and inclusion

### **Up-to-date judgements**



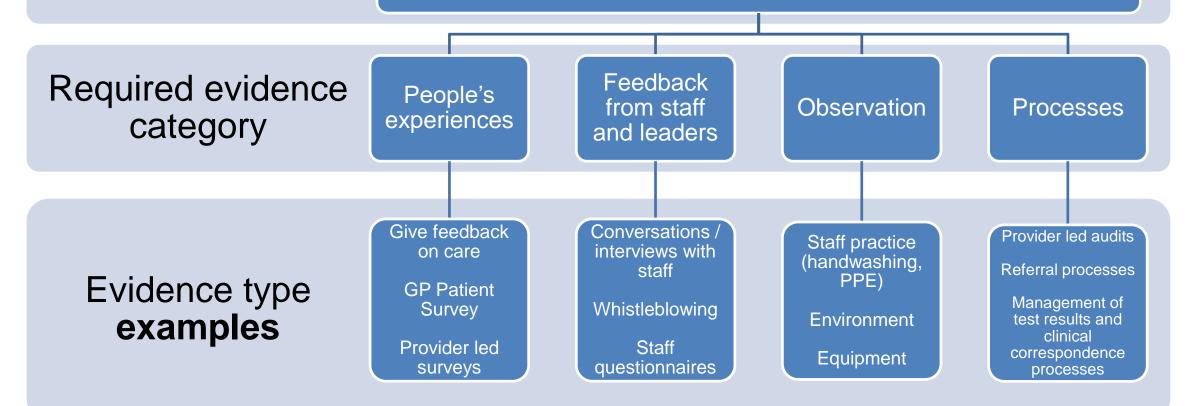




### How we reach a rating - example

**Quality statement** 

**Infection prevention and control:** We assess and manage the risk of infection. We detect and control the risk of it spreading and share any concerns with appropriate agencies promptly.





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# How Data and Insight will support CQC's new model

Setting context	Population characteristics Activity levels – e.g. emergency admissions, A&E attendances, referrals to secondary healthcare, outpatient numbers
Risk analysis – informing priorities	Risk models – summary output to support scheduling decisions Individual indicators for review – e.g. change of registered manager, mortality indicators, safeguarding concerns, staff concerns and whistleblowing
Judgement- informing our findings	Not automated decisions – all through professional judgement Specific evidence and quality indicators (SAF) Examples: National Clinical audit results – reflecting agreed national standards; National Patient Survey findings,



### Current external data sources – Providers\*

National Patient

Children

test

Surveys inpatient, A&E, maternity,

Friends and Family

NHS Staff Surveys,

Cancer screening

Cancer detection

Childhood immunisations CQC sources – directly collected:

Contacts: feedback from the public, workers, and partners

Statutory notifications: deaths, injuries, allegations of abuse



\* Not all service types are listed – only where there are external datasets available.



### Vielen Danke fürs Zuhören

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